# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

### 4010 Pigmented – B Component Waterborne Epoxy Primer/Sealer



# Section 1. Identification GHS product identifier : 4010 Pigmented – B Component Waterborne Epoxy Primer/Sealer Product code : Not available. Other means of : Not available. identification : Liquid.

### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

#### Identified uses

Concrete Floor Coating Hardener.

Supplier's details	: Versatile Building Products 245 W. Carl Karcher Way Anaheim, CA 92801 Tel.: (714) 829-2600 Toll Free: (800) 535-3325 Email: contactus@versatile.net Website: www.versatile.net
Emergency telephone	: InfoTrac: 1-800-535-5053

Emergency telephone	Info I rac: 1-800-535-5053
number (with hours of	(8:00 a.m. – 5:00 p.m. PST)
operation)	

# Section 2. Hazards identification

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
<ul> <li>FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2</li> </ul>
: Warning
<ul> <li>H227 - Combustible liquid.</li> <li>H315 - Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.</li> <li>H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.</li> <li>H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.</li> </ul>

### Precautionary statements



# Section 2. Hazards identification

Prevention	<ul> <li>P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.</li> <li>P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.</li> <li>P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.</li> <li>P210 - Keep away from flames and hot surfaces. No smoking.</li> <li>P261 - Avoid breathing vapor.</li> <li>P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.</li> <li>P272 - Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.</li> </ul>
Response	<ul> <li>P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.</li> <li>P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.</li> <li>P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.</li> <li>P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.</li> <li>P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.</li> <li>P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.</li> <li>Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.</li> <li>P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.</li> </ul>
Storage	: P405 - Store locked up. P403 + P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
bis-[4-(2,3-Epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane	≥75 - ≤90	1675-54-3
2-Butoxyethanol	≥5 - ≤10	111-76-2
Acetone	≥5 - ≤10	67-64-1
Isopropyl Alcohol	≥3 - ≤5	67-63-0
1-Isopropyl-2,2-dimethyltrimethylene diisobutyrate	≥1 - ≤3	6846-50-0

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessa	ary first aid measures
Eye contact	<ul> <li>Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.



# Section 4. First aid measures

Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	<ul> <li>Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.</li> </ul>

Most important symptoms/eff	fec	cts, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effect	<u>S</u>	
Eye contact	1	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	1	Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/sympto	on	<u>15</u>
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Indication of immediate medi	<u>ca</u>	l attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	:	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	1	No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. I be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

### See toxicological information (Section 11)

lt may Wash



# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: No specific fire or explosion hazard.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental

pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.



# Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	
Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store between the following temperatures: 15 to 35°C (59 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Control parameters

### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
bis-[4-(2,3-Epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane 2-Butoxyethanol Acetone	None.ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020).TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).Absorbed through skin.TWA: 5 ppm 10 hours.TWA: 24 mg/m³ 10 hours.TWA: 24 mg/m³ 10 hours.OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).Absorbed through skin.TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.TWA: 240 mg/m³ 8 hours.TWA: 250 ppm 8 hours.STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes.NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).TWA: 250 ppm 10 hours.TWA: 250 ppm 8 hours.

Tel : +1-888-GHS-7769 (447-7769) / +1-450-GHS-7767 (447-7767) www.kmkregservices.com www.askdrluc.com www.ghssmart.com



1

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Isopropyl Alcohol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 400 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 980 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 1225 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 980 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
1-Isopropyl-2,2-dimethyltrimethylene diisobutyrate	None.

Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.
Individual protection measu	<u>res</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.



Vapor pressure at 50°C

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

### **Appearance Physical state** Color Odor

: Liquid. [Clear. Viscous.] : Straw.

Closed cup: 63°C (145.4°F)

- Odorless. ÷.
- **Odor threshold** Not available. pН
  - : Not available.
- Melting point/freezing point : Not available.

2

ŝ,

Boiling point, initial boiling : 260°C (500°F) point, and boiling range

> : Not available. : Not available.

: Not available.

Flash point

- **Evaporation rate**
- Flammability

Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit

Vapor pressure

		Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
		Acetone	180.01	24				
		Isopropyl Alcohol	33	4.4				
		2-Butoxyethanol	0.75	0.1				
		1-Isopropyl- 2,2-dimethyltrimethylene diisobutyrate	<0.01	<0.0013	EU A.4			
Relative vapor density	:	Not available.			•			
Relative density	1	1.087						
Solubility	1	Not available.						
Solubility in water	1	Not available.	ot available.					
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.						
Auto-ignition temperature	1	Ingredient name		°C	°F		Method	
		2-Butoxyethanol		230	446		DIN 51794	
		Isopropyl Alcohol		456	852.8			
		Acetone		465	869			
Decomposition temperature		Not available.						

Vapor Pressure at 20°C

Decomposition temperature Viscosity Flow time (ISO 2431) Particle characteristics Median particle size

lot available.

: Dynamic: 1500 to 3000 mPa·s (1500 to 3000 cP)

: Not available.

: Not applicable.





# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

products	not be produced.
Hazardous decomposition	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: strong bases and strong oxidizers.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid high temperatures.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
bis-[4-(2,3-Epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	20 g/kg	-
2-Butoxyethanol Acetone Isopropyl Alcohol	LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rat Rabbit	917 mg/kg 5800 mg/kg 12800 mg/kg 5000 mg/kg	- - -

### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
bis-[4-(2,3-Epoxipropoxi)	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2	-
phenyl]propane				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
2-Butoxyethanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
-				mg	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
Acetone	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	10 µL	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				mg	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	395 mg	-
Isopropyl Alcohol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
				mg	
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	10 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
1-Isopropyl-	Skin - Mild irritant	Guinea pig	-	5 g	-
2,2-dimethyltrimethylene					
diisobutyrate					
	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	504 hours 1	-
				% Intermittent	



Tel : +1-888-GHS-7769 (447-7769) / +1-450-GHS-7767 (447-7767) www.kmkregservices.com www.askdrluc.com www.ghssmart.com



# Section 11. Toxicological information

### **Sensitization**

There is no data available.

### **Mutagenicity**

There is no data available.

### **Carcinogenicity**

### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
bis-[4-(2,3-Epoxipropoxi)	-	3	-
phenyl]propane			
2-Butoxyethanol	-	3	-
Isopropyl Alcohol	-	3	-

### **Reproductive toxicity**

There is no data available.

### **Teratogenicity**

There is no data available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
Acetone	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Isopropyl Alcohol	Category 3		Narcotic effects

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

There is no data available.

### **Aspiration hazard**

There is no data available.

Information on the likely	: Routes of entry anticipated:	Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.
routes of exposure		

### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations





# Section 11. Toxicological information

Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	<ul> <li>Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations</li> </ul>

Delayed and immediate effe	cts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Potential delayed effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Potential delayed effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Potential chronic health eff	<u>ects</u>
General	: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

### Numerical measures of toxicity

### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/ I)
4010 Pigmented – B Component Waterborne Epoxy Primer/Sealer	9765.7	11714.6	N/A	117.1	N/A
bis-[4-(2,3-Epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane	N/A	20000	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-Butoxyethanol	917	1100	N/A	11	N/A
Acetone	5800	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Isopropyl Alcohol	5000	12800	N/A	N/A	N/A



# Section 12. Ecological information

### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
2-Butoxyethanol	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 800000 µg/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1250000 µg/L Marine water	Fish - Menidia beryllina	96 hours
Acetone	Acute EC50 7200000 µg/L Fresh water	Algae - Selenastrum sp.	96 hours
	Acute LC50 6000000 µg/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex	48 hours
	Acute LC50 6900 mg/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5600 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Poecilia reticulata	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 4.95 mg/L Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.016 ml/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Daphniidae	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.1 ml/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 5 µg/L Marine water	Fish - Gasterosteus aculeatus - Larvae	42 days
Isopropyl Alcohol	Acute EC50 7550 mg/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1400000 µg/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4200 mg/L Fresh water	Fish - Rasbora heteromorpha	96 hours

### Persistence and degradability

There is no data available.

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
2-Butoxyethanol	0.81	-	low
Acetone	-0.23	-	low
Isopropyl Alcohol	0.05	-	low
1-Isopropyl-	-	5340	high
2,2-dimethyltrimethylene diisobutyrate			

### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling empty containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside



### Section 13. Disposal considerations

the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List

Ingredient	CAS #		Reference number
Acetone	67-64-1	Listed	U002

# Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	NA1993	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID, N.O. S. (bis-[4-(2,3-Epoxipropoxi) phenyl]propane, Acetone)	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	Combustible liquid.	-	-
Packing group	Ш	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.

#### **AERG** : 128

### Additional information

**DOT Classification** : Non-bulk packages (less than or equal to 119 gal) of combustible liquids are not regulated as hazardous materials.

- **Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
- Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

# Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	: TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	: Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	: Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	: Not listed





## Section 15. Regulatory information

(Precursor Chemicals) **DEA List II Chemicals** : Listed

: Not listed

(Essential Chemicals)

**DEA List I Chemicals** 

SARA 302/304

### **Composition/information on ingredients**

No products were found.

**SARA 304 RQ** : Not applicable.

### SARA 311/312

Classification : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A **SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2** 

### **Composition/information on ingredients**

Name	%	Classification
bis-[4-(2,3-Epoxipropoxi)phenyl] propane	≥75 - ≤90	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
2-Butoxyethanol	≥5 - ≤10	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4
		ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4
		ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
Acetone	≥5 - ≤10	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
Isopropyl Alcohol	≥3 - ≤5	(Narcotic effects) - Category 3 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
1-Isopropyl- 2,2-dimethyltrimethylene diisobutyrate	≥1 - ≤3	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2

### **SARA 313**

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	≥5 - ≤10
Supplier notification	2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	≥5 - ≤10

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

### **State regulations**

Massachusetts	:	The following components are listed: 2-Butoxyethanol; Acetone; Isopropyl Alcohol
New York	:	The following components are listed: Acetone
New Jersey	1	The following components are listed: 2-Butoxyethanol; Acetone; Isopropyl Alcohol



### Section 15. Regulatory information

Pennsylvania

: The following components are listed: 2-Butoxyethanol; Acetone; Isopropyl Alcohol

### California Prop. 65

This product does not require a Safe Harbor warning under California Prop. 65.

### International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

### **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

### Inventory list

United States (TSCA 8b) : All components are active or exempted.

### Section 16. Other information

### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4	On basis of test data
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2	Calculation method
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A	Calculation method
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1	Calculation method
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2	Calculation method

### <u>History</u>

motory	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 06/15/2021
Date of previous issue	: Not applicable
Version	: 1
Prepared by	: KMK Regulatory Services Inc.
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations



# Section 16. Other information

#### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.